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"EVALUATING GOMUTRA HARITAKI FOR OBESITY MANAGEMENT: A THERAPEUTIC REVIEW"

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ABSTRACT

Sthaulya, one among the Santarpana Janya Vyadhi^[1] is mentioned under Bahudosha Avastha. [2] Sthaulya, can lead to Atisthula Lakshana, a Ashtanindita Purusha if not managed. [3] Therefore, treatment for Sthaulya becomes utmost necessary, to attain Swaasthya. Sthaulya is due to the Kaphavardhaka Ahara and Vihara(Santarpaka Nidana) like Atiguru, Atisnigdha, Atipichchhila, Atishita, Navanna-pana, Atinidra, which vitiate Atiaasana, Avyayama etc, Rasa Dhatvagni, Medodhatwagni, Kaphadosha and Vatadosha. Gomutra Haritaki, having Laghu, Ushna, Ruksha, Lekhana, Virechaniya Tridoshahara properties is expected to correct the Rasa and Medodhatwagni and decrease the Ama and Meda Dhatu in the body and results in decreasing BMI and waist hip ratio in Sthaulya.

KEYWORDS: Sthaulya, Gomuta Haritaki, Obesity, BMI.

INTRODUCTION

Sthaulya is one among the Santarpana Janya Vyadhi^[1] which is mentioned under Bahudosha Avastha.^[2] Sthaulya if not treated, can lead to Atisthula Lakshana, one of the Ashtanindita Purusha.^[3] Therefore, Sthaulya is one among Bahudoshaja Vyadhi and is fit for Shodhana. Many Shodhana procedures like Vamana, Virechana, Basti etc and with their formulation can

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be adopted. One such formulation is *Gomutra Haritaki* and it can be adopted for *Nitya Virechana* as treatment for *Sthaulya* to attain *Swaasthya*.

Sthaulya can be correlated to over-weight or obesity as per modern science. According to WHO, 1.9 billion adults above age of 18 years were over-weight, out of which 650 million were obese. [4] The prevalence of obesity has been increased multi fold within the last 20 years and continue to rise. [4] In India, more than 135 million individuals are affected with obesity with more prevalence of abdominal obesity. [5] Mortality rate due to obesity and its related complications are increasing day by day. [4] WHO and various governmental organizations are enormously trying to address this issue worldwide as it has caused burden for both the government and the individuals.

CONCEPT OF STHAULYA

DEFINITION

A person is called as *Atisthula* who has pendulous appearance of *Sphik*, *Udara*, and *Stana* due to excess deposition of *Meda* along with *Mamsadhatu* and also having unequal an abnormal distribution of *Meda* with reduced zeal towards life is called *Atisthula*.^[6]

Obesity may be defined as an abnormal growth of the adipose tissue due to an enlargement of fat cell size (hypertrophic obesity) or an increase in fat cell number (hyperplasic obesity) or a combination of both. According to WHO, overweight and obesity are defined as abnormal or excessive fat accumulation that presents a risk to health. A body mass index (BMI) over 25 is considered overweight, and over 30 is obese and abdominal obesity in men is defined by a waist-to-hip ratio of 0.90 or more, for females 0.85 or more. [4]

Many *Shodhana* procedures with their formulations are mentioned in various ancient texts of *Ayurveda* for treating *Sthaulya*. *Gomutra Haritaki* is one such medicine mentioned in *Ashtanga Hridaya Chikitsa Sthana*, *Arsha Chikitsa*, which is indicated for the management of *Sthaulya*. ^[8] *Gomutra Haritaki* having *Laghu*, *Ushna*, *Ruksha*, *Lekhana*, *Virechaniya* and *Tridoshahara* properties expected to increase the *Rasa* and *Medodhatwagni* and decrease the *Ama* and *Meda Dhatu* in the body and results in decreasing BMI and waist hip ratio in *Sthaulya*.

NIDANA

a) Aharaja: Atisampoorna Ahara, Adhyasana, Madhura Ahara, Kapha Vardhaka Ahara

- b) Viharaja: Avyayama, Avyavaya, Asyasukha, Svapna Sukha, Divasvapna
- c) Manasika: Achintya, Nitya Harshata, Priya Darshana
- d) Anya: Beeja Svabhavaja, Ama Rasa.

Purvaroopa

Acharya Charaka, in the Nidana Sthana, describes a similar pathogenesis for both Prameha and Sthaulya, attributing it to the vitiation of Kapha and Meda. Consequently, the Purvarupa of Prameha and the symptoms of Medovaha Srotodushti can be regarded as indicative of the early signs of Sthaulya.

1. Atinidra 2. Tandra 3. Alasya 4. Vistrashariragandha 5. Angagaurava 6. Angasaithilya 7. Atisweda and milder forms of *Pratyatma Lakshana* of *Sthaulya* can be seen.

Rupa

Acharya Charaka has identified several *Pratyatma Lakshana* of *Sthaulya*, which include the following: 1. *Medomamsaativriddhi* 2. *Chalasphika* (Pendulous movement of buttock) 3. *Chalaudara* (Pendulous movement of abdomen) 4. *Chalastana* (Pendulous movement of breast) 5. *Ayatha Upachaya* (Disproportionate body) 6. *Anutsaha* (Lack of Enthusiasm)

In addition to these primary symptoms, *Charaka*, *Sushruta*, and the *Ashtanga Samgraha* also describe eight other prominent features of *Sthaulya*, known as the *Ashta Dosha* of obesity. These include *Ayusyahrasa* (reduced lifespan), *Javoparodha* (decreased physical endurance), *Kricha Vyavayata* (difficulty in physical exertion), *Daurbalya* (weakness), *Daurgandhya* unpleasant body odourant), *Svedabadha* (excessive sweating), *Ksudha Atimatrata* (excessive hunger), and *Pipasa Atiyoga* (excessive thirst). These clinical features are critical for identifying and diagnosing *Sthaulya*.

SAMPRAPTI

Nidana Sevana- Kapha Pradhana Tridosha Prakopa-Avarana of Strotas by Meda- Vruddhi of Kostashritha Vayu- Jataragni Atisandhukshana- Sheegra Ahara Pachana- Ati Ahara Akanksha -Ati Ahara Sevana- Sthaulya.

SAMPRAPTI GHATAKA

- a) Dosha: Kapha- Kledaka, Vata- Samana, Vyana, Prana, Pitta- Pachaka
- b) Dushya: Rasa, Mamsa, Medha
- c) Agni: Jataragni- Pradeeptha, Dhatwagni- Medodhatwagni Manda

d) Ama: Medhodhathvagni Manda Janya

e) Srotas: Medovaha, Rasavaha

f) Srotodushtiprakara: Sanga

g) Udhbhava Sthana: Amashaya

h) Sanchara Sthana: Sarva Daihika

i) Adhisthana: Vrukka, Vapa

j) Vyakta Sthana: All over body but mainly in Spik, Sthana, Udara

k) Vyadhi Prakara: Chirakari

l) Sadyasadyatha- Krucchrasadhya

m) Rogamarga: Bhahya and Abhyantara

CHIKITSA

In the classics, the general management of *Sthaulya* includes *Nidana Parivarjana*, *Samshodhana* and *Samshamana*, and the principle of *Guru Cha Atarpana*^[9] can be adopted to cause *Karshana* and *Medhaghnta* by bringing about *Kapha Vilayana*. ^[10,11] *Virechana is* one among the *Panchakarma*, which can tackle this *Bahudosha Avasta*. ^[2] This can be achieved by both *Bahya* and *Abyantara* measures. *Nitya Virechana* is one type among the *Virechana* which can be adopted in *Sthaulya* as *Abyantara Chikitsa*. *Gomutra Haritaki* is one of the formulations given by *Acharya Vagbhata* for *Sthaulya*, as *Gomutra Haritaki* has *Ushna*, *Ruksha and Virechaniya* property.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To study the effect of Gomutra Haritaki in Sthaulya
- 2. To review the contents of Gomutra Haritaki.

METHODOLOGY

A systemic review was done from various *Ayurveda Samhita* and textbook for *Sthaulya* and *Dravya Guna Vigyan* and *Ayurveda* pharmacopeia of India for review of contents of *Gomutra Haritaki*.

Table 1- *Haritaki*^[12]

Latin name	<u>Terminalia chebula</u> Retz.
Family	Combretaceae
Synonyms	Haritaki, Pathya, Abhaya, Avyatha, Vayastha, Haimavati.
Rasa	Lavana Varjita Pancharasa
Guna	Laghu Ruksha

Virya	Ushna
Vipaka	Madhurasa
Dosha karma	Tridoshahara
Part used	Phala majja
Chemical constituents	30% chebulic acid and gallic acid and some purgative
Chemical Constituent	constituents of the nature of anthraquinone.

Table 2- Gomutra^[13,14,15]

Rasa	Katu, Tikta, Lavana, Kashaya, Kshara
Guna	Laghu, Ruksha, Tikshna
Virya	Ushna
Vipaka	Katu
Karma	Kapha Vata Shamaka, Pachana-Deepana, Anulomana,
Karma	Lekhana, Bedhana
	Nitrogen, sulphur, ammonia, copper, phosphate, sodium,
Chemical constituents	potassium, manganese, carbolic acid, calcium, salt, vitamin
	(A,B,C,D,E), Lactose, Enzyme, Hippuric acid. [16]

Gomutra has Lekhana and Sara property. It is Agnideepana and Medhya. It is useful in many diseases viz. Krimi, Kushtha, Udara, Gulma. It is also used for Virechana and Asthapana basti. It maintains the Tridosha (Vata, Pitta, Kapha) level protects body against various diseases with growing immunity. [17]

Preparation of Gomutra Haritaki^[18]

Various method of prepation of *Gomutra Haritaki* has been said by various *Acharyas* in different diseases. In *Ashtanga Hridaya*, *Arsha Chikitsa* for the management *Sthaulya Acharya* has said usage of *Gomutra Haritaki* and also given the preparation of *Gomutra Haritaki*.

200 Dried *Haritaki Phala* will be boiled in 12 litres of freshly procured *Gomutra* in *Mandagni* till the *Gomutra* is evaporated and then *Haritaki Phala* is kept for drying. After drying, *Haritaki Phala* is pounded and seed is removed and *Haritaki Phala* is made into *Churna* and stored in stored in air tight container.

Dosage- 15g of Gomutra Haritaki Churna with Madhu.

DISCUSSION

Probable mode of action of Gomutra Haritaki

Haritaki is mentioned as Virechanopaga in Charaka Samhita.^[19] Gomutra has Lekhana and Virechaniya properties which is helpful in Kaphaja disorders. And helps in reducing BMI in

the Sthaulya. [20] Sthaulya (Obesity) is a non-communicable disease, which possess a serious risk for the development of diabetes mellitus, hypertension, cardiovascular diseases, musculoskeletal disorders specially osteoarthritis and certain forms of cancer. [21] Thus, the morbidity and mortality are more in obese person compared to others. This cycle of Samprapti of Sthaulya can be broken by Ushna, Laghu, Tikshna, Ruksha Guna, Katu Rasa, Ushna Veerya and Deepana Karma, Pradhana Dravyas. Gomutra and Haritaki has got the predominance of Agni and Vayu Mahabhuta. One can see the predominance of Laghu (light), Ushna, Tikshna and Ruksha Gunas in both of them. Where as in case of Sthaulya, there is abundant increase of Medodhatu and this Medodhatu has the predominance of Prithvi and Ap Mahabhuta. Due to the opposite properties, Gomutra Haritaki will correct the increased Medodhatu in cases of Sthaulya. Due to Karma(action) of Gomutra Haritaki, it helps in correcting Vishamagni and Theekshnagni condition of Jataraagni and Mandyata of Dhatwagni in Sthaulya. The methanolic and ethanolic extracts of the Haritaki was found to reduce the glucose levels. Presences of active constituents like chebulic acid, neochebulic acid and Gallic acid which was claimed to reduce triglycerides, total cholesterol and LDL. [22] In the same way *Gomutra Haritaki* will help to reduce the BMI of the subjects.

Probable mode of action of Nitya Virechana.

Virechana is important among Shodhana because it not only acts upon Pitta but also on Kapha, Vata and Meda. In Sthaulya; Virechana removes Avarana of Vayu in Koshta and corrects Agni Vaigunyata. Therefore it stops the formation of Ama and Dushta Anna Rasa. In Sthaulya there is the Avarana in the Dhatwagni due to Nitya Virechana the Avarana is removed and also corrects the Dhatwagni. During Virechana process increased stimulation and local nerve reflexes leads to increased mucus secretion, as it is clearly told in our classics as Kaphantam Virechanam. Thus by Virechana the Kapha Dosha will also eliminated. Thus Virechana corrects the Avarana of Vata there by passage of Vata is rectified. By means of it Vatanulomana can be achieved. As Sthoulya is Bahu Dosha Avastha due to the repeated Shodhana for specific period with mild purgation by its nature of Ruksha and Ushna property will alleviate the Sthoulya symptoms by eliminating the aggravated doshas little by little. So it is not a short term procedure, the results are seen in long term. Research shows presence of stercobilinogen in the excretory material of Virechana, which is considered as index for excretion of Vikrta Pitta. Hence the Ati Agni Avastha, and inturn Atikshuda and Atipipasa are reduced. Thus preventing Medasanchaya.

CONCLUSION

Gomutra Haritaki is a medicine made up of the biological components Gomutra and Haritaki, which are both used to cure a variety of diseases. The characteristics of Gomutra and Haritaki (Terminalia Chebula Fruit) are mentioned in multiple Samhitas. In Bahudhosaavasta like Avipaka, Sthaulya and in Pandu there is a predominanace of Kleda Bhava, Gomutra Haritaki due to its Rookshana and Ushna Bhava helps to mitigate Kleda Bhava and to cure Bahudoshavasta. Due to its Virechaniya property it is used in Nitya Virechana. Nitya Virechana eliminates the aggravated Dosha little by little and helps in managing Sthaulya. There can be wide application of Gomutra Haritaki and Nitya Virechana in managing all the life style disorders. Further research should be done on Gomutra Haritaki and Nitya Virechana in the management of life style disorders.

Future information

Clinical trials will be done on obese subjects using *Gomutra Haritaki* as *Nitya Virechaniya* drug for 7 days.

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