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Case Study

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A CASE OF CORNEAL ABCESS OF MIXED BACTERIAL AND FUNGAL ORIGIN TREATED WITH AMNIOTIC MEMBRANE GRAFT

RAHARIMANANTSOA Onja Lalaina*¹, RAJAONA Ranto Andriantsilavina², MIRAY Louis de Gonzague³, RANDRIANARIVELO Harinarivo Prosper⁴, RAOBELA Léa⁵

¹Doctor of Medecine, Ophtalmologist, Ophtalmology Service of Universitary Hospital Centre Joseph Ravoahangy Andrianavalona Antananarivo, Madagascar.

²Doctor of Medecine, Ophtalmologiste, Chief of Clinic Ophtalmology Service of Universitary Hospital Centre Joseph Ravoahangy Andrianavalona Antananarivo, Madagascar.

³Doctor of Médecine, Ophtalmologist, Ophtalmology Service of Universitary Hospital Centre Tambohobe Fianarantsoa, Madagascar.

⁴Doctor of Médecine, Ophtalmologist, Universitary Hospital Centre Joseph Ravoahangy Andrianavalona Antananarivo, Madagascar.

⁵Doctor of Medecine, Assistant Professor of Ophtalmology, Chief of Ophtalmology Service of Universitary Hospital Centre Joseph Ravoahangy Andrianavalona Antananarivo, Madagascar.

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*Corresponding Author RAHARIMANANTSOA Onja Lalaina

Doctor of Medecine,
Ophtalmologist,
Ophtalmology Service of
Universitary Hospital Centre
Joseph Ravoahangy
Andrianavalona

Antananarivo, Madagascar.

ABSTRACT

We treated with a combination of topical antibacterial and antifungal combined with an amniotic membrane graft a severe corneal abscess of mixed origin, in the pre-perforation phase, complicating a keratitis of the reapers of the right eye of a 38-years-old female patient. After 10 days postoperative corneal thickness restoration was observed, with corneal reepithelialization, and reformation of the anterior chamber. The eyeball was saved.

KEY WORDS: Corneal abcess, topical fortified eye drop, membrane amniotic.

Purpose: To report an observation of a patient suffering from a mixed origin corneal abcess treated with topical antifungal and antibacterial combined with amniotic membrane graft.

A 38 years-old female patient came to consultation at ophtalmology emmergencies service of Universitary Hospital Centre Joseph Ravoahangy Andrianavalona (CHUJRA) Antananarivo

Madagascar, on september 2019. She complained of having a painful and red right eye associated with blurred vision following a projection of paddy during the harvest period.

She had already been taken in charge by a general practitioner at the countryside during 2 weeks period before her consultation in our service. She had been treated with unknown eye drops. We decided to hospitalize her.

At her admission, during the examination with a slit lamp, we observed an important purulent secretions on the right eye, a total corneal abcess with ulceration and a huge corneal stroma loss. The cornea was thinning and at being pre-perforation phase. The Descemet's membrane was the remaining layer of the cornea. The corneal sensation was conserved. However, the Seidel's test was negative. There was no sign evoking an endophtalmitis either (Figure 1).

The microbiological culture after corneal scrape confirmed the diagnosis of mixed bacterial and fungal origin of the corneal abcess. The responsable microorganisms constituted by rare coccis gram positive and rare yeast form elements.

We introduced a hourly fortified antibacterial eye drops in bitherapy (Vancomicin fortified 50mg/ml eye drop and Gentamicin fortified eye drop) combined with hourly fortified antifungal instillation (Amphotericin B 15mg/ mL and Econazole of pharmacy eye drop). The initial poor condition of the cornea led us to propose straightaway an epithelial amniotic membrane graft into the downside of the same eye. [2][3] We reassessed the eye 10 days later.

The amniotic membrane was totally absorbed at about 80%. The cornea was regenerated and restored its anter thickness. The corneal ulcer was reduced considerably, the corneal preperforation disappeared even though an abnormal corneal vascular appeal was found. The anterior chamber of the eye was reformed. Anatomically, the eye was saved from evisceration (Figure 2).

In conclusion, the combination of fortified topical antibacterial and antifungal with amniotic membrane were effective to treat a total and mixed origin corneal abcess.

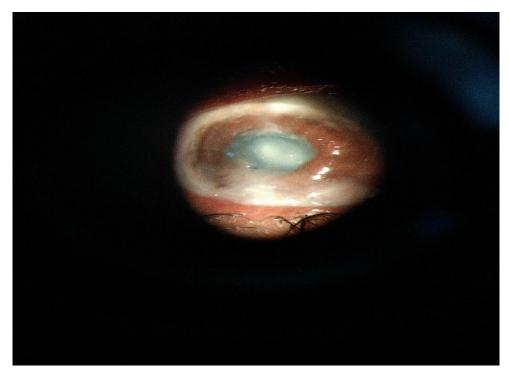


Figure 1: Mixed origin total corneal abcess of the right eye before the treatment.



Figure 2: Mixed origin total corneal abcess of the right eye outcome after fortified topical antibacterial and antifungal combined with amniotic membrane graft.

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