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DEEPAN BASTI- A REVIEW ARTICLE

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ABSTRACT

Basti is the most important among Panchakarma due to its multiple effects. Pitta and Kapha are dependent on vata as it governs their functions. Acharya Charaka has considered basti therapy as half of the treatment of all disease^[1], while some consider it as the complete remedy for all ailments. Basti is given as the route of administration of the drugs for multiple actions among which deepan karma is done by niruha basti. Deepan karma is that which stimulates jatharagni but is unable to digest Aama(undigested food).^[2] Thus, in this article an effort has been made to shed some light on deepan karma of basti.

KEYWORDS: Basti, deepan, ama, mandagni.

INTRODUCTION

As we all know, multifaceted character of *basti karma* by which we can achieve "n" no. Of *karma's* like *Rasayan, Brihan, Lekhan, Vajikaran*, etc. by one single modality. Apart from all the Karma's mentioned, *deepan karma* of *basti* is least taken into consideration. There are abundant references of *deepan basti* mentioned in ayurvedic texts. To know the importance of these *basti's*, we started collecting relevant references and came to a conclusion that these aspects of *basti* must be utilized in its true potential. So, let's first of all see when should one exactly opt for *deepan basti*.

Deepan karma is done for basically mandagni, causes of mandagni are narrated in Ashtang hridayam. ^[3] The sutra explains 2stages which leads to "Aam creation". 1st is deterioration of ushma i.e agni, 2nd stage is undigested ras (apachit ras dhatu). So, we need to treat it on two

levels, first we need to do pachan followed by deepan to strengthen the agni. When we plan for shodhan karma we have to follow the protocol mentioned in ashtang hridayam which says pachan followed by deepan. [4] To counter mandagni deepan is to be performed in various ways. In grahni chikitsa adhyay of charak samhita the exact hetu and it's management for *deepan karma* is given.^[5] If *udavarta* is the cause of *mandagni*, then we have to treat it by niruha and sneha basti. In charak samhita siddhisthan there are two *yaapan basti* which are meant for *deepan karma*. ^[6] Diseases like *krimi kostha*(intestinal worms), udavarta(reverse movement of vata dosha), gulma(abdominal mass), arsha(piles), bhagna (fracture), prameh (diabetes mellitus) are mentioned which can be corrected by this deepan basti. This is a type of madhutailik basti. So, basically these all diseases are santarpanautha vyadhi. After doing pachan and rukshan one must go for deepan karma which can be done by this basti. In charak samhita siddhi sthan 12/7 diseases like sarvang vata(vata afflicting the whole body), vatarakta(gout), sakta vinmutra are mentioned in which deepan karma should be done. [6,2] This same formulation of basti adapted and modified by sharangdhar and named it as deepan basti. [7] As the name suggests this basti helps in deepan karma, and by this way *deepan basti* came into existence.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES: To evaluate the *deepan karma* of *basti*.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Review of classical textual data from *Charak samhita*, *Ashtang Hridayam*, *Sharangdhar Samhita*, *Bhaavprakash samhita* was done to analyse which basti will help in deepan karma.

DISCUSSION

As said earlier, *deepan* means one which enhances *agni* but doesn't digests *aam*. *Deepan dravya* mainly consists of *katu*(pungent), *amla*(sour), *lavan ras*(salty). These are of *tikshna*(sharp/penetrating), *ushna* (hot) guna.

In *charak samhita siddhi sthan* there's preparation of *niruha basti* consisting of *madhu*(honey), *teel tel*(oil), *ushnodak*(boiled water), *Shatpushpa*(Anethum sowa), *saindhav*(rock salt).- *Ushnodak* enhances *agni* as per *Acharya sharangdhar*.^[8] *Shatpushpa* is also *deepniya* as it possesses the same properties as that of *deepniya dravya*.^[9]

Madhu- 2 prasut(160ml)

Teel tel- 2 prasut(160ml)

Ushnodak-4 prasut(320ml)

Shatpushpa kalk- ½ pal (20gm)

Saindha- $\frac{1}{2}$ aksh(5gm).

Aacharya Charak said this basti as basti deepano(enhances digestive fire).

In *charak samhita siddhi sthan* 12th lesson, there's another formulation of *basti* which enhances *agni*. This *basti* consists of milk medicated with *hapusha* (Juniperus communis) and *yav* (Hordeum vulgare/Barley), honey, ghee, teel tel and rock salt. *Hapusha* is also a *deepniya* dravya. [10]

Hapusha- 1/2 kudav(80gm)

*Half crushed yav(barley)- 1 kudav(*160ml)

4times milk mixed with water(1/2 milk+1/2 water) boil this with *hapusha* and *yav*, boil until all the water evaporates. Later strain it. Mix honey, ghee, tel, saindhav in appropriate amount and add above prepared medicatedmilk to it.

Aacharya Charak said this basti as agnijanan i.e which increases digestive fire.

Acharya Sharangdhar modified this basti of Acharya Charak and named the basti itself as deepan basti. [7] This consists of madhu, ghrit, milk, teel tel each 1 prasut i.e 80ml.

Hapusha, saindhav each -1 aksh i.e 10gm.

Acharya Sharangdhar called this basti as param deepaniya (best degistive fire enhancer).

CONCLUSION

The benefits of niruha basti states that its agnikrit(enhances digestive fire)^[11] and symptoms of proper administration of basti(samkyak yog) says it increases digestive fire(agni vridhi).^[12] This deepan basti are also type of niruha basti, dravya used in it are also deepniya. Thus, we can say that this basti are deepniya and can call it as Deepan basti.

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