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Case Study

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AN AYURVEDIC APPROACH TO THE MANAGEMENT OF DARUNAKA WITH SHEETAPITTA: A CASE STUDY

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ABSTRACT

Dandruff and Urticaria are few of the most common worries in adulthood. Dandruff, the visible desquamation of scalp, is the mildest manifestation of seborrheic dermatitis. Chronic urticaria has a significant impact on quality-of-life due to the constant sensation of itching, regular recurrence, and unknown etiology. Dandruff can be considered as *Darunaka* in Ayurvedic parlance possessing resemblance in their clinical manifestations. Similarly, Urticaria can be correlated with *Sheetapitta*. Urticaria and Dandruff, both conditions do not have any satisfactory cure in contemporary system of medicine, relapses being the main cause for inclining towards Ayurvedic system of medicine. Ayurveda can provide a virtuous effect in dandruff with

the help of *Panchakarma* procedures, daily regimen, and many *Aushadha Yoga*. A 25 years old patient approached with complaints of *Shirah Kandu* (Itching over scalp), *Keshabhoomi Rukshata* (dryness of scalp), *Twak Sphutana* (~Cracks in the skin), and *Kesha Chyuti* (~Hair fall). He also had itchy rashes over his trunk region. In present case, classical *Shodhana* (Major purification therapy) was planned followed by *Shamana* (~Pacification) drugs. The improvement provided by the *Shodhana* therapy was assessed based on sign and symptoms before and after the treatment. The therapies were found effective in controlling sign and symptoms of *Darunaka* and *Sheetapitta*.

KEYWORDS: Dandruff; Darunaka; Samshodhana; Sheetapitta; Urticaria.

INTRODUCTION

Hair is associated with youthfulness and beauty in women and virility and masculinity in men; so, it is no surprise that hair loss can make any men and women feel self-conscious. Pollution, unhygienic conditions, and many more factors can cause hair problem. Studies show a prevalence of dandruff of up to 50%.^[1] Dandruff is an irritative disease of the scalp in which shedding of dead tissue from the scalp with itching sensation is the cardinal feature. 'Urticaria' is a disease characterized by itchy red rashes on skin almost all over the body. An estimated 15% to 23% of adults have experienced at least 1 episode of acute urticaria at some time in their lives, and the prevalence of chronic urticaria in adults is estimated at 0.5% to 5%.^[2] However the disease is not a life threatening disorder, the distress caused by Urticaria seriously affects the quality of life.

Darunaka is a Vatakapha Dosha (regulatory functional factors of the body) Predominant Disease, which manifests as Kandu, Keshachyuti, Rukshta, and Twak Sphutana, which can be correlated with Dandruff. In present case, patient suffering from Dandruff and urticaria after having been under allopathy treatment for same complaint for more than 6 years, but without persistent relief and continuous reoccurrence of symptoms was treated with classical Vamana Karma (~Therapeutic emesis) followed by Virechana Karma (~Therapeutic purgation). Shamana Chikitsa was followed thereafter for one month.

CASE REPORT

A 25 years male patient, diagnosed with seborrheic dermatitis and Urticaria in Allopathy, approached with chief complaints of dryness in scalp, dandruff, and excessive hair fall. He also had associated complaints of rashes over anterior and posterior trunk region with excessive itching and sweating for more than 6 years that would exacerbate with seasonal transition. Patient was admitted in IPD ward of National Institute of Ayurveda Hospital on 15/4/2019 (OPD Registration no.-21809042019). Patient was diagnosed based on signs and symptoms as a case of *Darunaka* along with *Sheetapitta*. Patient belonged to *Jangala Pradesha*, was a married graduate from Lower middle class. The *Sharirika Prakriti* (~Body constitution) of the patient was *Vatakaphaja* and *Manasika Prakriti* (~Mental constitution) was *Rajasika*. He had *Madhyama Samhanana* (Moderate Body Compactness), *Madhyama Pramana* (Moderate anthropometry), *Madhyama Koshtha* (~Moderate Bowel habits), *Madhyama Vyayama Shakti* (~moderate physical strength) with *Madhyama Satva* (~moderate psychological strength). He had *Madhyama Abhyavaharana Shakti* (moderate power of

ingestion), *Madhyama Jarana Shakti* (moderate power of digestion) with *Vyamishra Satmya* (~Habitual of 2-5 tastes) and habit of drinking alcohol occasionally.

Predominant *Dosha* in *Darunaka* is *Vata* in association with *Kapha* and *Sheetapitta* is *Pitta* in association with *Vatakaphaja*.^[4] Ayurveda focuses on eradication of *Dosha* and purification of body by means of *Panchakarma*.^[5] Since *Vata* and *Kapha* were vitiated along with *Pitta*, Classical *Shodhana* was planned, (Classical *Vamana* followed by Classical *Virechana* [Table1,2]) *Shamana Chikitsa* was followed for one month thereafter to achieve better therapeutic efficacy in this case [Table 3]. The patient was followed up for six months with no medications given in follow up period.

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA: The efficacy of the procedures on *Darunaka* was assessed before treatment and after treatment based on criteria [Table 4].

OBSERVATION AND RESULTS

Vega (Urges) during Vamana were 8, and during Virechana were 20. After complete Shodhana, variations in results were found on each symptom associated with Darunaka and Sheetapitta. Patient got relief in sign and symptoms with gradual improvement. Effects of treatment on patient of Darunaka and Sheetapitta are presented in Figure 1-4. Assessment on each considering symptom of Darunaka and Sheetapitta have been presented in Table 5. These are the observations before and after Shodhana Karma. Patient did not report any incidence of relapse of symptoms in six months of follow up. This was for the first time in last six years that patient could appreciate complete relief from his symptoms.

Table 1: Method of drug administration for Vamana Karma and Virechana Karma.

S.N.	Days	Treatment	Drug used Dose	Anupana	Duration
1.	1-3	Dipana- Pachana (digestion and metabolism enhancing)	Triphala Churna- 2gm Vidanga- 1 gm Shankha Bhasma- 250 mg	Ushnodaka (Lukewarm water)	3 Days
2.	4-8	Vamanartha Snehapana (Internal oleation for Vamana)	Panchatikta Ghrita Doses are placed at Table 2	Ushnodaka	3 Days
3.	9	Sarvanga Abhyanga (Therapeutic whole- body massage) Bashpa Svedana (~Steam sudation)	Dashmoola Taila (Oil) Dashmoola Kwatha (Decoction) Once a day	-	1(Gap day) + 1(Vamana day)

4.	10	Vamana karma	Madanphala- 3gm Vacha-1gm Saindhava-1gm Yashtimadhu Phanta Lavanodaka	Honey	1	
5.	11-17	Samsarjana Krama (post dietic regimen)	Peyadi Krama		7 Days	
6.	18	Nor	Tormal Diet on 8 th day of Vamana Karma			
7.	19-21	Virechnartha Snehapana (Internal oleation of Virechana)	Panchatikta Ghrita Doses are placed at Table 2	Ushnodaka	3 days	
8.	22-24	Sarvanga Abhyanga Bashpa Swedana	Dashmoola Taila Dashmoola Kwatha Once	 	3 (Gap Days) +1 (Virechana Day)	
9.	25	Virechana Karma	Ichhabhedi Rasa (3 - tablets)	-	1	
10.	26-30	Samsarjana Krama	Peyadi Krama (thin g	ruel of rice etc.)	5 Days	

Table 2: Details of Snehapana for Vamana Karma and Virechana Karma.

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Sneha Matra (Dose)	50 ml	75 ml	100 ml	125 ml	150 ml
Sneha Sevana Kala (Administration time)	6.15 am	6.20 am	6.30 am	6.15 am	6.30 am
Kshudha Pravrutti Kala (~Time of appetite)	12.15 pm	12.30 pm	2 pm	3.15 pm	3.30 pm
Mala Pravrutti (~Bowel frequency)	1 time	1 time	2 times	2 times	2 times
Virechnartha Sneha					
Sneha Matra	50 ml	75 ml	100 ml		
Sneha Sevana Kala	6 am	6.10 am	6.30 am		
Kshudha Pravrutti Kala	12.30 pm	2 pm	3.15 pm		
Mala Pravrutti	1time	1time	2 times		

Table 3: Shamana Aushadha.

S. No.	Aushadha	Dose	Frequency
	Avipattikara Choorna 3 gm	3gm	
1	Pittantaka Yoga	500 mg	Twice daily
	Shuddha Gandhaka	250 mg	
2	Aarogyavardhini Vati	2 Vati	Twice daily
3	Panchatikta Ghrita Guggulu	2 Guggulu	Twice daily
4	Manjishthadi Choorna	3 gm	Twice daily
5	Mahamarichyaadi oil	Daily once for local application	

Table 4: Gradation scale.

Symptoms of Darunaka				Grade		
1. Kandu (Itching)	1. Kandu (Itching)					
Absent		0				
Occasionally			1			
Frequently				2		
Constantly				3		
2. Kesha Bhumi Rukshata	(Roughness of	scalp)				
Absent			0			
Negligible			1			
Without discomfort on scal	p			2		
With discomfort on scalp	•			3		
3. Keshachyuti (Hair fall)			l			
Absent				0		
Occasionally				1		
Moderate loss				2		
Maximum loss				3		
4. Twak Sphutana (Scaling	g of the scalp sl	kin)	l .			
Absent		,		0		
Visible inside the hair			1			
Visible over the hair			2			
Spreaded over the shoulder				3		
Symptoms of Sheetpitta			l .			
Symptom	Grade 0	Grade 1		Grade 2	Grade 3	
Varati Dansh Sansthana				Present on	Dungant all array	
Shotha (Swelling as if	Absent	In specifi	c area son	some parts of body	Present all over	
bitten by the wasp)					body	
Kandu (Itching)	Absent	Occasion	ally	Disturbing the sleep	Disturbing the sleep and normal activity	
Toda (Pricking sensation)	Absent	Occasion	ally	Disturbing the sleep	Disturbing the sleep and normal activity	
Vidaha (Burning sensation)	Absent	Occasion	ally	Disturbing the sleep	Disturbing the sleep and normal activity	
Duration of wheals	Absent	<1 Hour		1-12 Hours	>12 Hours	
Frequency of appearance	Absent	Once a w	veek	2-3 times a week	Daily	
Frequency of use of antihistamines	Absent	Once a w	veek	2-3 times a week	Daily	

Table 5: Effects on symptoms.

Assessment criteria for Darunaka	Score before treatment	Score after treatment
Kandu	3	0
Keshachyuti	3	1
Kesha Bhoomi Rukshata	2	0
Twak Sphutana	2	0

Assessment criteria for Sheetapitta		
Varati Dansh Sansthana Shotha	2	0
Kandu (Itching)	3	0
Toda	3	0
Vidaha	3	0
Duration of wheals	2	0
Frequency of appearance	2	0
Frequency of use of antihistamines	2	0



Figure 1: Scalp before Shodhana.



Figure 2: Scalp after Shodhana.



Figure 3: Trunk before Shodhana.



Figure 4: Trunk after Shodhana.

DISCUSSION

Owing to the *Vata Kaphaja* involvement in *Darunaka* and association of *Kapha*, *Pitta* and *Vata* in *Sheetapitta*, Vitiation of *Tridosha* (three regulatory functional factors of the body) can be considered in present case. *Vamana* is indicated in *Kapha* disorders as well the conditions where *Kapha* along with *Pitta* or *Vata* is vitiated. Similarly, *Virechana* is indicated in *Pitta* vitiation either alone or in association with *Kapha*.^[6] Moreover, *Pidika* (eruptions), *Kotha* (wheal like skin eruptions) and *Kandu*, are mentioned as *Bahudosha Avastha* (~State of *Dosha* vitiation in large quantity) in classics.^[7] *Urdhwa* (~upward), *Adhah* (~downward)

Shodhana has been advised considering the Bala (Physical endurance) of patient and Vyadhi (disease). Since the disease was chronic (more than 6 years) and patient was of medium age, complete Shodhana was planned. Dandruff may be a consequence of improper nutritional supply to the scalp resulting in cracking of scalp, dryness, and Hair fall. Its treatment should aim at clearing off the obstruction to ensure proper nutritional supply to the scalp. The same can be achieved through Shodhana Karma. Vitiation of Kapha Dosha is responsible for Kandu, and elimination of this vitiated Dosha through Vamana might have relieved the itching over scalp and trunk region. Virechana Karma does elimination of vitiated Pitta and Vatanulomana (proper functioning of Vayu), and thus might have relieved the redness over trunk region, itching, Kesha Bhoomi Rukshata and Twak Sphutana, providing overall relief in sign and symptoms of Darunaka and Sheetapitta. Apart from the Srotoshuddhi, Shodhana does Manahprasada (Mental cheerfulness), and Psychogenic factors, as anxiety, stress are said to play an important role in producing Urticaria. Relieving these factors might also be a contributing factor to the subsidence of symptoms. Raktavaha Srotodushti cannot be denied in cases of Pidika and Raktamandala (reddish circular patches on skin) as in present case. [8] Though Samshodhana does Dhatu Sthirata i.e. it makes Dhatu capable of proper functioning, but after Shodhana, Shamana drugs, mainly Pitta- Vata Shamaka and Raktashodhaka (~blood purificatory) were advised for better therapeutic effects and to avoid remissions. Among them, Panchatikta Ghrita Guggulu, Arogyavardhini Vati and Manjishthadi Churna are Raktashodhaka, and are indicated in skin disorders. Shodhana should be followed by thus Gandhaka Rasayana, indicated in *Sheetapitta* was Rasayana, Mahamarichyaadi Taila was prescribed for local application. These Shamana drugs were administered for one month after Shodhana.

CONCLUSION

The treatment protocol in present case was based on Ayurvedic principles and Classical *Samshodhana* provided considerable relief in *Darunaka* and *Sheetapitta*. *Shamana* drugs should be administered thereafter for better therapeutic effects. The recovery in present case was promising and worth documenting.

Conflict of Interest: None.

Consent: The consent was signed by the patient and the original article is attached with the patient's chart.

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