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Review Article

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PANCHKARMA IN GERIATRIC CARE

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ABSTRACT

Geriatric literally means the care of old persons. It deals withdiagnosis treatment and prevention of diseases and rehabilitation of elderly. In Ayurveda Geriatrics is described under the heading 'JARA'. Jara chikitsa is well defined as Geriatric care. Panchkarma is biopurification of body. Important procedures of Panchkarma for Geriatric care are Snehan. Sedan, Nasya, and Basti chikitsa.

KEYWORDS: Geriatrics, Panchkarma, snehan, Basti, Jara Chikitsa.

INTRODUCTION

Geriatric is branch of medicine concerned with preventive care and

treatment of older persons.

GERNATOLOGY is the study of the problems of all aspects of ageing. Ageing process proceeds.

At different rates in different people .Age related physiological changes and functional decline can be defined as-overall decline in body system functions and presentation of different symptoms of different diseases. Certain factors are responsible for functional decline like ageing process, diseases, adverse environmental factors, adverse lifestyle changes etc.

Different systems and organs that are effected by ageing are Cardiovascular system, Respiratory system, CNSand Brain. Renal system, Hepatobiliary, GI system, Immune systemand Endocrine system.

In Ayurvedic literatureit is defined as JARA. According to acharya Charak age has been devided in 3 steps-Balyawastha(young age), Madhym awastha(middle age), Jara awastha (old

age). After 60 yrs of ageperson is said to be old. In old age there is progressive dimination of Dhatu (cells), lack of strength of sense organs, vigour, muscularity etc. Achrya Sushruta has defined JARA as Swabhy bala pravritta vyadhi. Panchkarma is biocleansing program of the body. VATA is predominant dosha in old age. BASTI is treatment of choice.

OBJECTIVE: To discuss Geriatrics and its Ayurvedic perspective.

To achieve a state of healthy old age by various promotive and preventive panchkarma procedures.

To keep the patient active and improve quality of life through Panchkarma chikitsa.

GERIATRICS: Word Geriatric is derived from Greek word'geren' meaning old man and 'iatreia; meaning treatment of disease. Geriatric is the branch of medicine that is relted with the care and treatment of elderly people.

Ageing is defined as bilogical process which occurs as the person gets older it includes age related degenerative process and diseases which are conglomerated effect of genetic, enviorenmental and biological factors.

CONCEPTS OF AGEING: It is defined in different steps -

- **1-Chronological Ageing-**Actual amount of time and number of days a person has been alive.
- **2-Biological Ageing-**Physical changes that causes gradual deteriotion of body funtions'
- **3-Psychological Ageing-**Changes in mental function ,feelings etc.
- **4-Social Ageing**-Related with persons role with relatives and social circle.
- **5-Cognitive Ageing-**Related with age related impairement in reasoning, intellect and memory etc.

AYURVEDIC CONCEPT OF AGEING: Ayurvedic acharyas has described concept of ageing as JARA.

ACHARYA SUSHRUTA has mentioned Jara under Swabhav bala privritta vyadhi which is of 2 types

- **1-Kalaj**-Appearing at proper time.
- **2-Akalaj**-Appearing before time.

SROTAS AND AGEING

Vitiation of Vayu and mandagni causes srotodushti and srotorodha which leads to improper nourishment of body tissues causing ageing process.

STRENGTH OF AYURVEDA IN GERIATRICS

Jara chikitsa/Rasayan chikitsa of Ayurveda is for preventing, /maintaining youthfulness, stamina and vitality.

PANCHKARMA and Yoga are proven to be efficatious in numerous muskuloskeletal, psychosomatic and other chronic health problems of elderly people.

IMPORTANT PROCEDURES OF PANCHKARMA

Sneha-Sweda

ABHYANGA-INDICATIONS

Neuromuscular disorders-pakshavdha, Gridhrisi Angamarda, arthritisetc.

COMMONLY USED OILS-Masha taila, Narayan taila, Dhanvantara taila, Ksheerbala taila etc

SHIRODHARA-with TAILA(Ashwagandhabala, ksheerbala), TAKRA, KSHEER

INDICATIONS

Insomnia, headache, anxiety neurosis, hypertention, facial palsy, hemiplegia etc.

PIZHICHILL-rejuvinate body, snehan and swedan boath

Taila used are-ksheer bala, Dhanvantara, ashwagandha bala taila etc

INDICATIONS-Paraplegia, degenerative joint disorders, post fracture stiffness of joint, peripheral neuropathy etc

KARNPURAN -tinnitus/karnanada, deafness with karnabindu taila, bala taila etc

KAVALGRAHA Keeping oil/ghrita in mouth/oil pulling

INDICATIONS

Dental problems, gums problems, stomatitis, bad breath etc.

GANDUSHA-decoction/oil/ghrita used like goghrita, triphala ghrita, kanji, til taila etc.

AKSHITARPAN-INDICATINS-Dryness of eyes, vision problems, blepharitis etc.

Grita used-TRIPHALA GHRITA

PINDASWEDA-SHASHTIKSHALI PINDA SWEDA

INDICATION

Hemiplegia, paraplegia, muscular dystrophy etc.

NASYA-SNEHAN, SAMAN, BRINGHAN

INDICATIONS

Cervical Spondylitis, headache, memory problem, hairloss, insomnia

Oil used-Anu taila, ksheerbala taila, swarasa. Etc.

BASTI CHIKITSA-SNEHA BASTI, MATRA BASTI, YAPNA BASTI, BRINGHAN BASTI

DIFFERENT DISEASES IN OLD AGE AND PANCHKARMA CHIKITSA

Parkinsons Disease

Snehapan-kalyanak ghrita

Abhyanga -kalyanak ghrita, swedan

Virechan-eranda taila

Nasya-ksheerbala taila

Shirobasti-ashwagandha taila

Shirodhara-bala taila

Pizhichil-pinda taila

DEMENTIA/ALZHEIMERS DISEASE-Snehapan-Kalynak ghrita

Shirolepa-paste of Amalki, Musta in takra.

Shirobasti/shirodhara-Maha Mash taila/bala taila

Nasya-pratimarsha-ksheerbala taila

Muskuloskeletal disorders-osteoarthritis-abhyanga-mahanarain taila, ksheerbala taila

Upnah, pottali sweda, janu basti etc.

Rheumatoid Arthritis-baluka sweda, nadi sweda.

Vaitaran basti

LOW BACK PAIN

Abhyanga –kati basti-mahanarain taila, dhanvantar oil etc

Patra pinda sweda

CARDIOVASCULAR DISORDER

Urobasti Dhanvantara taila

Hypertention -takradhara

CONSTIPATION

-VIRECHAN-Erand taila, Avipattikar churna,

BASTI-Ksheer basti, Matra basti, Asthapan basti

Phala varti.

PILES

Awagaha sweda-apamargadi quath

Bahyaupchar-jatyadi taila

Dhoopan-ashwagandhadi churna

UROGENITAL DISORDER

BPH

Lekhan basti with gomutra

Uttarbasti

OBESITY

UDVARTANA-Kokuladhadi churna

Virechan triphala churna, trivrita churna

MUTRA KRICHCHA/DYSUREA

Snehan/swedan-Avgah sweda-Dashmoola kwath

Basti-matra basti with sahcharadi taila

Uttarvasti

GRACEFUL AGEING-Avoiding diseases

Engagement with life

Maintaining physical and cognitive functions.

CONCLUSION

Panchkarma like snehan swedan abhyanga shirodhara virechan nasya and vasti chikitsa is the best way for rejuvinating, preventing diseases of old age and helpful for geritric care.

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