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Review Article

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## A REVIEW ARTICLE ON ANTI-OBESITY DRUGS OF HAREETAKYADI VARGA IN BHAVPRAKASH NIGHANTU

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Growing prevalence of obesity worldwide is an increasing concern. In Ayurveda obesity is regarded as Medoroga. Retention and deposition of serum lipids resulting in decreased flow of blood in coronary arteries being the underlying cause. In Ayurveda herbal drugs are being used to lower the levels of serum cholesterol. This review article is aimed at gathering data on herbal remedies that have been evaluated for their efficacy as an ANTI-OBESITY remedy in Bhavprakash Nighantu. Bhavprakash Nighantu is one of the oldest texts of Ayurvedic literature. The author of this text is Acharya Bhav Prakash Mishra. Bhavprakash Nighantu is divided into 23 Vargas. Each Vargas named on their main drug. First varga is Hareetkyadi varga. It contains 98 drugs. Few of them are described in this article. The drugs which possesses Katu, Tikta Rasa, Ushna veerya, Laghu and Rukshna Guna

and Vatakaphara actions expected to increase the power of Rasa and Medadhatvagni, decrease in Kapha and Vata Dosha thus decrease formation of Meda Dhatu and its deposition.

**KEYWORDS:** Obesity, herbal drugs, *Bhavprakash Nighantu*, lifestyle disorder.

#### INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda is a holistic science, also called as science of life. It not only deals with diagnosis and treatment of disease with natural remedies but also teaches us the methods those are required to stay healthy and long life. Lifestyle disorder is a broad term used for the diseases which arises because of unhealthy lifestyle. Obesity is one of them. Obesity is the most common lifestyle disorder which if left untreated may produce life threatening complications in later life. Overweight and obesity are defined as abnormal or excessive fat accumulation that presents a risk to health. In *Ayurveda* overeating produces overgrowth of *Meda Dhatu* and depletion of next *Dhatu* to *Meda Dhatu*, this leads to *Sthaulya*. According to *Acharya Vagabhatta Sthaulya i*s due to the formation of *Ama* and disturbance of the process of *Dhatu parinama*. A number of herbal remedies are described in various texts of *Ayurveda* for treating *Sthaulya*.

### List of ANTI-OBESITY drugs in Bhavprakash Samhita

Table: 1.

| Drug name    | Botanical name       | Family       | Part used | Synonyms                                |  |
|--------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------|---|--|
| 1.Pipalli    | Piper longum         | Piperaceae   | Fruit     | Magadhi, , upkulya, kana, Chapala       |  |
| 2.Maricha    | Piper nigrum Linn.   | Piperaceae   | Fruit     | Tripura, Tribhandi, suvaha, Sarala      |  |
| 3.Sunthi     | Zingiber officinalis | Scitamaceae  | Dried     | Nagara, sringavera, visvabhesaja,       |  |
|              | Rosc.                | Schamaceae   | rhizome   | mahousadha                              |  |
| 4.Madanphala | Randia               | Rubiaceae    | Fruit     | Pindi, Marubak, Pinditak, Karahat, Rat. |  |
|              | dumetorum(Retz.)     | Kubiaceae    |           |   |  |
| 5.Jeeraka    | Cuminum cyminum      | Umbelliferae | Fruit     | Ajaji, Deepak, Ruchyam, Medhyam         |  |

Table: 2.

| Drug name    | Rasa        | Guna                    | Veerya        | Vipaka  |
|--------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------|
| 1.pipalli    | Katu        | Laghu, Snigdha, Tikshna | Anushnasheeta | Katu    |
| 2.Maricha    | Katu        | Laghu, Tikshna          | Ushna         | Katu    |
| 3.Sunthi     | Katu        | Ruksha, Tikshna         | Ushna         | Madhura |
| 4.Madanphala | Tikta, katu | Laghu, Ruksha           | Ushna         | Katu    |
| 5.Jeeraka    | Katu        | Laghu, Ruksha           | Ushna         | Katu    |

Table: 3.

| Drug name     | <b>Chemical Composition</b> | Doshagnata         |
|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1.Pippali     | Piperene (Alkaloid)         | Vata-khaphashamaka |
| 2.Maricha     | Piperene                    | Vata-kaphashamaka  |
| 3.Sunthi      | Curcumene Zingiberol        | Kapha-vatashamaka  |
| 4.Mandanphala | Glycosides, Saponins        | Kapha-vatashamaka  |
| 5.Jeeraka     | Glycoside, Dietary fibres   | Kapha-vatashamaka  |

#### **DISCUSSION**

Acharya Bhavmishra has given many drugs to treat Sthaulya(obesity). Aptarpana chikitsa is the line of treatment adopted in this disease. This includes Langhana, Rukshana and swedana and these karmas were the principles of this disease. The world Sthaulya nashak (antiobesity) has been used only once in Bhavprakash Nighantu (combination of Piper nigrum, Piper longum and Zingiber officinalis) suggested that this combination might be best antiobesity drug. Trikatu churna treat obesity from its root cause e.g. Agnimandhya, kapha,

medavruddhi and vataprakopa. The cycle samprapti of shaulya can be broken by ushna, laghu, Ruksha guna and katu rasa, ushna veerya and deepana karma pradhana dravya.

#### **CONCLUSION**

This article collectively suggests the drugs which are easily available & work amazingly on obesity. Some drugs are working alone & same are working in combination such as *Trikatu* – (pipalli, maricha, shunthi)has the ability to reduce kapha and fat. Jeeraka has the property to metabolize and burn fat properly. Madanphala has lekhana property. So, these drugs can be used to treat obesity (Sthaulya).

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