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Review Article

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ESSENCE OF LIFE – OJA

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ABSTRACT

According to Ayurveda, Oja is essential for maintains and sustaining of life. Oja is present in every Dhatu (tissue) and it considered Sara of all seven Dhatus from Rasa Dhatu to Shukradhatu. It gives strength & stability to the body. It is the purest substance in the human body which is responsible for health, positivity, better immunity, memory & intelligence. *Oja* controls or regulates the whole working system of the body. It decreased leads to the cessation of life. It is spread through all over the body but mainly located in *Hriday*. Because provided strength to the *Hridya*. Because it provides strength to the body but in term of physical as well as mental is also known as Bala (Strength). The Essence of life *Oja* ayurveda is such a concept which gives strength,

good health and help body to fight the disease causing factors thus preventing manifestation of diseases. It is also termed as "Vyadhikshamatva' Or 'Ojabala' of an individual. The present review article explores article some more information about the essence of life Oja.

KEYWORDS: Oja, Sarva dhatu saar, Bala, Para Oja, Apara oja.

INTRODUCTION

Oja is the essence of all the bodily tissues and related to our immunity & vitalilly (Just like as bees gather molecules of pollen from thousands of flowers and & return it to the honeycomb. *Oja* is created by the body. [1]

Through the proper digestion of food, it is the concentrated essence of all the *Dhatus*. Similarly, ghee is the essence of milk, after milk is churned into butter and then heated, it becomes ghee, the pure essence of milk.^[2]

Oja is the Sara of Rasadi Saptadhatu. It has been also known as entity which provides Bala to the body. It is the Sneha present in all Dhatu or Sneha of body where Prana resides. It is prime production of intrauterine life following generation of *Prakrut Dosha*. It is for survival of human.

Apar Ojas undergoes variation Para Oja remains constantant. Understanding of Kapha is incomplete without discusion of Ojas. They are similar in relationship, as that of Pitta & Agni when Kapha is in its normal state it act as Oja another name of is called Bala (Shrength to fight against diseases). So. Bala & Oja are also an equivalent term. They can be correlated as follow:

Sahaj Bala - Innate immunity

Kalaj Bala- Acquired Immunity

Yuktiikrutt Bala.-Artificial immunity.

Vyadhishimatva & Bala.^[3]

- 1. The fraction or form of Oja circulating all over the body through CVS along with Rasadhatu so called as Rasatmak Oja.(We can see it as WBC the defence system.)
- 2. That fraction of Oja present in all tissue at the level of immune mechanism can be said as Dhatutejrupi Oja.
- 3 That fraction of *Oja* enters the fetus to provide protection to the fetus during intrauterine life can be said as *Shukramalarupi Ojas*.
- 4. Immunoglobin which cross the placenta barrier which enters circulation can be included under this *Oja* described as *Jeevshronit*.

Aim - To study the essence of life *Oja*.

MATERIAL AND METHOD

Material used are ayurvedic text like Charaka Samhita, Sushrut samhita, Ashtang sangraha and Ashtang hriday. etc.

Objective = To know the essence essence of life *Oja*.

To evaluate the essence of life *Oja*.

Review of literature

Oja is interlinked with *Tejas* and *Prana*. *Tejas* is the subtle essence of fire, *Prana* is the subtle essence of air and *Oja* is subtle essence of water. *Tejas* creates *Oja* & *Oja* protects *Prana* which is the vital force of life. *Oja* is the seat of *Prana*.

Types of Oja.[4]

There are two kinds of *Oja* in the body.

1. Para Oja

- It is also known as Superior Oja.
- Praman 8 drops.
- Arundatta- 6 drops.
- Location Heart.^[5]
- It is stable.
- It is not affected by easily by simple deviation from physiology.

2. Apar Ojas

- It is also known as Inferior Oja.
- Praman Ardhanjali.
- It is also called. "Shleshmic Oja".
- Disease & other etiological factors affect most in this type of *Oja*.
- Location All over the body.
- It is mobile.

Praman

- 1. *1Prasut 8-8 Tola*. [6]
- 2. Ardhanjali Praman. [7]
- 3. Ashtabinduk.^[8]

Apar Ojas Praman - Bhel - 1 Anjali

Vagbhat-1 Prasrut

Kashap - 6 Anjali.

Qualities of Oja

Acharya Charak has explained ten qualities of Oja which are similar to milk & ghee and totally opposite to Madya (alcohol) & Visha (poison).^[9]

- 1) Guru (Heavy)
- 2) *Sheeta*(Cold)
- 3) *Mrudu* (Soft in nature)
- 4) *Shlakashn*(Smooth)
- 5) Bahalam (Spreads into the minute channels)
- 6) Madhura (sweet).
- 7) Sthira (Stable or fixed)
- 8) Prasanna (pleasant)
- 9) Picchilam (Stichy)
- 10] Snigdha (Uncteous or oily)

According to Charak, colour of Oja -slightly reddish for yellow resembling to the Sarpi Varna. taste - Madhu, smell- laja.

Abnormalities of *Oja*. [10]

There are 3 types of *Oja* abnormalities is there-

1) Ojas Visransa -

Visransa means Displacement from its own position.

- 1) Sandhivishlesh It means looseness of joints.
- 2) Gatrasadan Weakness of body.
- 3) Doshachyavanam Displacement of Doshas from their normal place.
- 4) Kriyasannirodha Impairment in the activities.

2) Ojovyapat

Vyapat Ojas gets vitiated by Dushta. Doshaand Dushya.

- 1) Stabdhagurugatrata Stiffness & Heaviness in body parts especially limbs.
- 2) *Vata shopha* (Swelling due to *Vata*)
- 3) Vamathida (Discolouration or loss of complexion)
- 4) Glani (Exhaustion)
- 5) *Tandra* (Stupor)
- 6) Nidra (Excess sleep)

Ojakshaya

Decrease in the quantity of *Oja*.

- 1) Murccha -Fainting.
- 2 Mansa Kshaya Wasting of muscles.
- 3) Moha- Unconsciousness.
- 4) Pralap Delirium.
- 5) Maran Death.

According to Charak and Ashatang sangrah:-

- 1) Bibheti Fear complex or full of fear.
- 2) Durbala Weakness.
- 3) Dhyayati -Worries a lot.
- 4) Vyathitnendriya- Discomfort in sense organs.
- 5) Dushchhaya loss of complexion.
- 6) Durmana Mindset become unstable.
- 7) *Ruksha-* Roughness in the body.
- 8) Ksham Emaciation.

Ojodushti

Oja visransa and Vyapat are curable while Ojokshay is suggested to be left untreated as it is non curable.

Ojo dosha chikitsa

Rasayan chikitsa is unique branch of Ayurveda for attaining the excellent Rasadi dhatus. As Oja is the essence of all seven tissues. For the Oja dosha it could be the proper treatment. So that one should give up all the unwholesome diet & regimens to enjoy the full span of his life.

Milk of cow has 10 qualities which are similar to *Oja*. If it is consumed, *Oja* quality increases.^[11]

Bath facilates *Oja* (ch. su. 5)^[12]

Keeping body well presenting also faciliated *Oja*.(Ch.Su.5) Wearing of gems and ornaments promotes wealth, auspiciousness, longevity & properity, calamity produces happiness & charm.

Rasayan Aushadhas given by Charaka. [13]

Rasayan include- 1) Ahara - Good Dietery habit.

- 2) Vihar Proper daily routine.
- 3) Achar Good conduct.
- 4) Aushad -Drug.

Aahar

Nutritional diet. Have milk & ghee in diet as well as timely eating. Not less, not execess. Avoid preservations refined food, fried foods.

Vihar

Timely work, rest and sleeping habits proper care of the body, Regular exercise no addictions.

Achar Rasayan

Peaceful mind, free from anger & ego. Good interpersonal relationship regular mediatation.

Drugs

Brahmni (Bacopa monnie penorell), It is Effective medicine for wanning oja.

The unctuous enema provides strength to these wasted due to diseases physical exercises evaculative measures & way faring, dibiliated devoid of oja & having diminish semen.^[14]

CONCLUSION

From above verses following conclusion are drawn:-

- 1) *Oja* is omnipresent essence of all the *Dhatus which* is responsible for *Bala*, immunity in body.
- 2) Immunology has its roots in Ayurved science also which are referred through this *Oja* and immune discorders as *Oja Vishramsa*, *Oja Vyapat* and *Ojakshay*.
- 3) Day to day life there are some factors which are responsible for depletion of *Oja* and nourishment of the same in body as like *Ativyayama*, *Ativyavay*, excessive thinking, depression, satisfaction, sweet & desirable food, happiness. There are many synonyms of *Oja* but *Kapha* proves to be most sutable one. As the diet & medicines enhancing to *Kapha Dosha* are same improving quality status of *Oja*.
- 4) The existence of an *Oja* has been accepted during intrauterine life. It has also been accepted by ayurveda that during intrauterine life *Oja* is unstable especially in the eight month of fetus. This is a reason, that due to unstable of *Oja* eight month pregancy is very complicated.

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