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Case Study

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# COMPREHENSIVE AYURVEDIC MANAGEMENT OF SIMPLE MYOPIC ASTIGMATISM WITH NETRA TARPANA AND TRIPHALA GUGGULU: A DETAILED CASE REPORT

# <sup>1\*</sup>Dr. Kinjal Jeetendrakumar Panchal, <sup>2</sup>Dr. Suresh Amrutbhai Prajapati

- <sup>1</sup>Assistant Professor Shree Swaminarayan Ayurvedic College Kalol.
- <sup>2</sup>Associate Professor, Shree Swaminarayan Ayurvedic College Kalol.

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\*Corresponding Author
Dr. Kinjal

Jeetendrakumar Panchal
Assistant Professor Shree
Swaminarayan Ayurvedic
College Kalol.

#### **ABSTRACT**

**Introduction:** Refractive errors such as myopia and astigmatism are among the most common ocular disorders globally, often leading to dependence on spectacles or contact lenses. Difficulty in tolerating optical devices and the desire for natural management encourage patients to seek alternatives such as Ayurveda. **Case Presentation:** A 23-year-old female student presented with complaints of dimness of vision for distance and headache associated with the use of spectacles. Clinical examination revealed a visual acuity of 6/18 (Simple myopic astigmatism) in both eyes, which improved only to 6/9 with -4.00 D cylindrical lens correction in both eyes. She was also diagnosed with mild anemia. Ayurvedic management included 21 days of *Netra Tarpana* with *Jivantyadi Ghrita* and oral administration of *Triphala Guggulu* for three months, initiated on 30-06-2023. **Outcomes:** Following therapy, her symptoms significantly

improved, and during follow-up examinations every six months, her unaided visual acuity remained stable. By the latest visit on 18-08-2025, the patient maintained 6/6 partial vision in both eyes without spectacles and reported complete relief from headache and visual strain. **Conclusion:** This case highlights the potential of integrative Ayurvedic approaches such as *Netra Tarpana* and *Triphala Guggulu* in improving visual function and reducing refractive dependence in myopic astigmatism.

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KEYWORDS: Myopia, Astigmatism, Ayurveda, Netra Tarpana, Jivantyadi Ghrita, Triphala

Guggulu, Case Report.

INTRODUCTION

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Refractive errors account for a large proportion of correctable visual impairments. Myopia

(short-sightedness) and astigmatism are particularly common in young adults, with studies

estimating that nearly one-third of student's experience significant refractive issues. The primary

mode of correction remains spectacles or contact lenses, with refractive surgeries as a secondary

option. However, challenges such as discomfort with spectacles, cosmetic concerns, and surgical

risks motivate patients to seek alternative therapies.

In Ayurveda, refractive errors can be correlated with *Timira* (dimness of vision) in the early

stages. Netra Tarpana, one of the Kriyakalpa procedures, is specifically indicated in

Drishtimandya (defective vision). It involves retaining medicated ghee over the eyes for a

prescribed duration, nourishing ocular tissues, and alleviating strain. In addition, Triphala

Guggulu is a classical oral formulation with Chakshushya (eye-beneficial), Rasayana

(rejuvenative), and anti-inflammatory properties.

This case report describes a young female patient with myopic astigmatism who responded

favorably to Ayurvedic management, presenting a possible non-surgical, non-optical alternative

for refractive stabilization.

**Patient Information** 

• Name: XYZ (initials changed for confidentiality)

• **Age/Sex:** 23-year-old female

Occupation: University student

• Presenting Complaints

o Dimness of vision for distance (6 months' duration)

o Difficulty in using spectacles (causing headache and discomfort)

Frequent frontal headache during reading and screen work

Past Medical History: No significant illness

• **Personal History:** Vegetarian diet, moderate lifestyle, no addictions

• Family History: No ocular disorders reported

• Associated Condition: Anemia (clinically diagnosed)

# **History of Present Illness**

A 23-year-old female student presented with progressive dimness of vision for distance for
the last 6 months. She reported that her vision gradually became blurred, particularly while
viewing the blackboard in class or reading signboards from a distance. The blurring was
associated with frequent headaches, especially after prolonged visual tasks.

• She had been evaluated earlier and diagnosed with **simple myopic astigmatism**. Spectacles with a correction of **-3.50 D** in both eyes were prescribed. However, she experienced **difficulty in adapting to spectacles**, reporting discomfort and persistence of headaches despite their use.

• There was **no history of trauma, redness, watering, discharge, or ocular pain**. She denied photophobia, diplopia, or sudden changes in vision.

 Her general health was otherwise good, except for complaints of easy fatigability, and further evaluation revealed mild anemia.

#### **Examination**

#### **General Examination**

• **Built:** Medium

• **Height/Weight:** Within normal limits

• **Pallor:** Present (mild)

• Icterus, Cyanosis, Clubbing, Oedema, Lymphadenopathy: Absent

Vital Signs

o Pulse: 76/min, regular

Blood Pressure: 110/70 mmHg

Respiratory Rate: 18/min

Temperature: Afebrile

## **Systemic Examination**

- Cardiovascular System: S1, S2 heard, no murmurs
- **Respiratory System:** Bilateral air entry clear, no added sounds
- **Abdomen:** Soft, non-tender, no organomegaly
- Central Nervous System: Conscious, oriented, higher functions intact, cranial nerves normal

#### **Ocular Examination**

- **Inspection:** Eyes normal in appearance, no redness, no squint
- Visual Acuity (Snellen's Chart):
- Unaided: 6/18 in both eyes
- With correction (-3.50 D): 6/6 partial OU
- Anterior Segment (Slit Lamp): Within normal limits
- **Posterior Segment (Fundus):** Normal findings
- **Refraction:** -3.50 D spherical equivalent both eyes
- **Extraocular Movements:** Normal and full range
- **Associated Symptoms:** Headache present with spectacle use

# Aşţavidha Parīkṣā (Eightfold Ayurvedic Examination)

Parameter	Findings	Interpretation	
Nadi (Pulse)	76/min, regular	Vata-Pitta predominance	
Mala (Stool)	Once daily, normal	Sama	
Mutra (Urine)	Normal frequency & color	Sama	
Jihva (Tongue)	Mild pallor, moist	Suggestive of anemia	
Shabda (Speech)	Clear No abnormality		
Sparsha (Touch/Temperature)	Normal warmth	Sama	
Drik (Eyes/Visual exam)	Distant vision dimness, BCVA 6/6 partial	Drishtimandya	
Akruti (Body build)	Medium, pallor noted	Anemic tendency	

#### **Modern Assessment Findings**

- Snellen's Chart: Unaided VA 6/18 OU; corrected with -3.50D to 6/6 partial.
- **Headache Grading (0–3 scale):**

- $\circ$  0 = No headache
- 1 = Mild occasional
- $\circ$  2 = Moderate, daily interfering with activities
- $\circ$  3 = Severe, disabling
- Patient score (baseline): 2
- **General Examination:** Mild anemia (Hb ~9.8 g/dl).

## **Diagnostic Assessment**

- **Diagnosis** (**Modern**): Simple myopic astigmatism
- **Diagnosis** (**Ayurvedic**): *Timira* (*Adhija Drishtimandya*) in early stage, associated with *Pandu Lakshana* (anemia).

#### **Assessment Criteria Used**

- 1. Vision Assessment (Snellen's Chart)
- Baseline: 6/18 unaided
- o Post-treatment:  $6/12 \rightarrow 6/9 \rightarrow 6/6$  partial
- o Final (18-08-2025): 6/6 partial unaided OU
- 2. Headache Score (0-3)
- o Baseline: 2 (moderate, daily)
- o Post-therapy: 0 (no headache)
- Maintained at 0 during follow-up
- 3. Subjective Symptom Relief (% Improvement)
- o Dimness of vision: 70–80% relief reported
- Headache: 100% relief
- Spectacle dependence: Reduced to nil
- 4. Aşţavidha Parīkṣā Changes
- o Drik (ocular findings) improved clearer vision, no strain
- Jihva pallor reduced after correction of anemia

## 5. Objective Parameter

Hb improved to 11.2 g/dl after dietary advice and Triphala Guggulu

## **Therapeutic Intervention**

#### 1. Local Therapy (Netra Tarpana)

- o Medicine: Jivantyadi Ghrita
- o Duration: 21 days (04-07-2023 to 27-07-2023)
- Procedure: Patient made to lie supine, dough ring prepared around orbit, lukewarm medicated ghee retained for prescribed duration daily.
- o Rationale: Provides nourishment to ocular tissues, relieves strain, improves clarity of vision.

# 2. Oral Therapy

- o Triphala Guggulu: 2 tablets twice daily for 3 months.
- o Rationale: Improves systemic health, relieves oxidative stress, and supports ocular function.

#### 3. Supportive Measures

- Diet: Iron-rich foods for anemia
- o Lifestyle: Reduction of screen exposure, eye rest practices

# **Follow-up and Outcomes**

- Immediate relief from headache within the first week of *Netra Tarpana*.
- Visual clarity improved; patient reported ease in reading and classroom activities.
- After 3 months, no recurrence of symptoms; pallor reduced.
- At every 6-month follow-up for 2 years, unaided vision was maintained at 6/6 partial without spectacles.
- No adverse effects noted.

#### **Timeline**

Date	Intervention / Findings	Outcome	
30-06-2023	Initiated oral <i>Triphala Guggulu</i> 2	General systemic support	
30-00-2023	tablets twice daily		
04-07-2023	Started Netra Tarpana with	Marked relief from headache after	
	Jivantyadi Ghrita	few sittings	
27-07-2023	Completed 21 days Netra	Improved visual clarity and comfort	
	Tarpana		

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Aug 2023 – Oct 2023	Continued oral Triphala Guggulu	Improved systemic health, reduced anemia
6-month follow-ups 2024–2025	Regular monitoring	Stable vision
18-08-2025	Final documented follow-up	Unaided VA: 6/6 partial OU, symptom-free, no spectacle use

#### **Outcomes and Assessment**

#### **Modern Assessment**

Parameter	Baseline	After Therapy (July 2023)	Final Follow-up (18-08-2025)
Unaided VA (OU)	6/18	6/9	6/6 partial
BCVA (OU)	6/6 partial	6/6 partial	6/6 partial
Headache Score (0-3)	2 (moderate)	0	0
Hemoglobin	9.8 g/dl	10.8 g/dl	11.2 g/dl

# **Ayurvedic Assessment**

Parameter	Baseline	After Therapy	Final Follow-up	
Distant vision dim, strain		Improved clarity	Stable 6/6 partial	
Drik (Eyes)	present	improved clarity	without specs	
Jihva (Tongue)	Pale	Reduced pallor	Normal	
Akruti	Medium, anemic	Improved strength	Stable	
Overall	Indicative of Pandu +	Improvement in Rakta	Stable	
Așțavidha Score	Drishtimandya	and <i>Drishti</i>	Stable	

#### **DISCUSSION**

This case demonstrates that Ayurvedic therapies may play a role in the functional improvement of refractive errors.

- *Netra Tarpana* provides direct nourishment to ocular structures, counteracting ocular dryness, strain, and possible structural weakness contributing to refractive instability.
- Jivantyadi Ghrita contains Jivanti, Amalaki, and other Chakshushya dravyas, known to support ocular tissue health.
- *Triphala Guggulu* combines antioxidant-rich *Triphala* with *Guggulu*, promoting detoxification, tissue rejuvenation, and visual strengthening.
- The sustained improvement without optical correction over 2 years suggests a stabilizing effect on refractive error progression.

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This observation is particularly relevant in young adults where myopia progression is a concern.

Although single-case evidence cannot be generalized, it encourages further clinical studies on

Ayurvedic interventions in refractive errors.

**Informed Consent** 

Written informed consent was obtained from the patient for the publication of this case report

and clinical findings.

Conflicts of interest: none

**CONCLUSION** 

This case highlights that integrative Ayurvedic management with Netra Tarpana and Triphala

Guggulu can result in sustained visual improvement and reduction in refractive dependence in

simple myopic astigmatism. The therapy was safe, effective, and well-tolerated. Further clinical

studies with larger sample sizes are warranted to validate these findings.

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