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FORMULATION AND EVALUATION OF HERBAL JAGGERY BASED IMMUNE-BOOSTER.

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ABSTRACT

Immunity is a human body's ability to recognize germs to prevent them from causing illness. Very speedily expanded disease in past days is covid-19 caused at least 3 million, excess death in 2020. It infected over 82 million people worldwide, and it mainly affects respiratory system. As per the ministry of Ayushguidelines suggested that to take "Herbal health drinks" like immunity booster syrup. Syrup contains all the herbal drugs which show immunity boosting and health benefits activity, like ashwagandha, tulsi, giloy, amla, ginger, fennel and turmeric etc. also contain a main ingredients jaggery which added in liquid form it act as a good immunity booster and base of syrup also.

Jaggery is also act as a good preservative to preserve food items.

KEYWORDS: Herbal syrup, immunity booster, jaggery base immunity booster, herbs.

INTRODUCTION

By lowering several risk factors, nutrition plays a crucial role in the prevention of deadly diseases like COVID-19. Functional food is necessary for survival, physical and mental well-being, and the enhancement of physiological function. The immune system is always active, attempting to identify self from non-self and thereby defending the host. Nutrients have an important role in maintaining the physiological phenomena, which is reduced by malnutrition.

The entire globe is concerned about this pandemic sickness (COVID-19), and no effective therapy or vaccine has been discovered. Compounds including anti-oxidants, phytochemicals, and anti-inflammatory assistthe immune system fight viruses, according to the literature.^[1]

We summarised different herbs Syzygium aromaticum(clove), Phyllanthus emblica(amla), Zingiber officinale (Ginger), Ocimum sanctum (Tulsi), Curcuma longa (turmeric), Withania somnifera (ashwagandha), Tinospora cordifolia (giloy), Tamarindus indica (tamarind), Foeniculum vulgare (fennel), Myristica fragrans study. This study will aid researchers in determining the effects of various natural herbs for increasing immunity, as well as how powerful an immune system is required to fight illnesses like COVID-19.^[2]

This potent herbal blend supports the adrenals and boosts mental and physical endurance. Antioxidant qualities in En-vitaForte help to balance free radical damage in the body. Herbs like Brahmi and Kesar also help to improve circulation in the brain and extremities. Giloy, also known as amrita, has hepatoprotective and antibacterial properties. Some studies have also suggested that it has anti-cancer properties. Kuth and Ashwagandha have steroid-like properties without the negative side effects associated with traditional steroids. Bala has a stimulating effect because it contains alkaloids that operate similarly to ephedrine and pseudoephedrine. Amla is known for its antioxidant capabilities as well as its high vitamin C and bioflavonoid content, which aids in cell structure health.^[3]

Table No.1 Used ingredients.

Sr.no	Drug name
1	Ashwagandha
2	Giloy
3	Amla
4	Shatavri
5	Clove
6	Tulsi
7	Nutmeg
8	Fennels
9	Dried ginger
10	Turmaric
11	Tamarind

PLAN OF WORK

- Procurement of drugs
- Method of development
- Preparation of decoction
- Pre-formulation of raw material
- Formulation of herbal syrup
- Characterization

- Evaluation of herbal syrup
- Density
- Specific gravity
- Viscosity
- PH
- Stability

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To develop the immunity boosting syrup.
- 2. To prepare organic and herbal syrup which suitable to consume everyone.
- 3. To manufacture the jaggery based syrup, which will be good immunity booster and act asself-preservative also.
- 4. To promote herbal product, which don't have any side effect.

RELEVANCE AND MOTIVATION

In 2019 whole world faced pandemic situation of covid-19. The covid-19 is a viral infectious disease caused by SARS-CoV-2. Everyone in that situation has accepted that, immunity is very important factor to prevent from attack of covid -19. Covid-19 is not the only single disease that we can prevent by improving the immunity but most of the disease can be prevented by improving the immunity.

The person health is completely depends on the immunity. In a daily routine it is difficult to maintain the immunity. It is not possible to maintain the balanced diet. Because of all these condition the question asses that, how to maintain the immunity and how to become strong. But there is problem comes out how to maintain our immunity strong to prevent from disease.

Here we think a solution, which is a very unique and maybe effective way to mai ntain immunity. We think to prepare herbal jaggery based immunity booster syrup. Which help to boost and improve the immunity. We choose jaggery because it is organic and contains lots of vitamins and elements. It is a good source or iron also, and can act as a sweetener in the syrup.

NEED OF WORK

Some synthetic or chemical containing products can cause toxic effect to health like synthetic sugar. There are some advantages of using herbal products like these are not having any side effects, these have low in cost, easily available and anyone can administer.

Although consumption of sugar-added products is expanding dramatically, the current study state that the sugarcane juice used to make jag- gery/gur offers varied nutrients and beneficial health effects whencompared to white sugar which causes health issues such as diabetes and obesity. The promotion of per capita income consumption of jaggery and similar products per capita may improve health benefits and immunity also.

We understand these factors and feel there is need to manufacture herbal product which helps to improve health as well as immunity also.

LITERATURE REVIEW

- 1. Dr. Javesh k. Patil., et al., (2019) have performed formulation and evaluation of herbal syrup. Theyproduced herbal using kiwi, basil leaves, orange pill and sugar. Syrup helps in the treatment of cancer, sleep disorder and insomnia etc. They perform various evaluation test of syrup like PH, viscosity, specific gravity and density.
- 2. Ankush ganpat patil., et al., (2020) they performed experiment on Formulation and Evaluation of Ginger Macerated Honey Base Herbal Cough Syrup. They produced cough syrup using various herbal drugs and perform pre formulation studies of crud cruds. They performed various evaluation test also like color, odor, taste, PH etc. They claim syrup is use and the treatment of cough like problems.
- 3. Vikas sharma., et al., (2020) have execute the formulation and evaluation of herbal cough syrup from seeds extract of hedge mustardthey mentioned all the information of activity of drug and material method of syrup preparation they perform evaluation tests and stability test also.
- 4. Abhai Kumar., et al., (2020) they have explained the benefit of Indian jaggery over sugar on human health. They mentioned all the information of jaggery benefit for health and how jaggery is organically good for every one. They mentioned all the type of jaggery and their uses. They also mentioned the comparison of synthetic sugar and benefits of jaggery.

MATERIAL AND METHOD (DRUGS PROFILE STUDY)

- 1. Clove- Cloves are Syzygiumaromaticum (S. aromaticum) (synonym: Eugenia cariophylata). Clove is a primary source of phenolic chemicals such as flavonoids, hidroxibenzoic acids, hidroxicinamic acids, and hidroxiphenyl propens in plants. The main bioactive ingredient in clove is eugenol. Cloves are a fascinating plant with a lot of potential as a food preservative and a source of antioxidant chemicals. Its biological functionshave been shown, pointing to the production of medical goods for humans and animals, and confirming why this plant has been used for ages. [4]
- 2. Amla-In terms of vitamin C concentration, amla is the most plentiful natural source on the market. It has the potential to be used as a food additive in biopharmaceutical industries to prevent a range of health problems due to the presence of high antioxidant and other biological qualities to boost immunity. Because of its numerous pharmacological uses and excellent nutritional value, amla may play a significant role in herbal therapeutic systems in the next decades.^[5]

Nithar Ranjan Madhu

- **3. Ginger** Ginger's health-promoting properties are well-known. Immunonutrition and anti-inflammatory responses can be used to treat a wide range of disorders. Similarly, ginger's anticancer potential is widely recognised, and functional components such as gingerols, shogaol, and paradols are useful chemicals that can prevent malignancies, angiogenesis and metastasis, activation of apoptosis, and cell-cycle progression. Aside from that, it helps with cardiovascular problems, diabetes, and gastrointestinal issues. ^[6]
- **4. Tulsi** Because of the many therapeutic benefits it provides, the Tulsi plant is extremely important to humanity. Tulsi leaves are often used in Ayurvedic prescription preparation. It has been shown to extend one's life span. The plant's extracts are commonly used to treat a variety of ailments, including the common cold, irritation, intestinal disease, cardiac illness, headaches, stomach problems, kidney stones, heart problems, and others. Tulsi, an Indian herb, also aids in the detoxification of the environment.^[7]
- 5. Turmeric- Turmeric, a spice that has long been recognized for its medicative properties, has received interest from each the medical/scientific world and from preparation enthusiasts, because it is that the major supply of the polyphenol curcumin. It aids within the management of aerobic and inflammatory conditions, metabolic syndrome, arthritis, anxiety, and hyperlipidemia. It should additionally facilitate in the management of exercise-induced inflammation and muscle soreness, so enhancing recovery and performance in active people. In addition, a comparatively low dose of the

- advancedwillgive health edges for those thatdon't have diagnosed health conditions. Most of those benefits may be attributed to its inhibitorand anti-inflammatory effects.^[8]
- **6. Ashwagandha** Ashwagandha (Withania somnifera or WS) that's referred to within side the Rasayana organization of medicinal drugswithin side the Ayurveda culture of India has been notably investigated as an immunomodulatory agent. [9]
- 7. Giloy- Tinospora cordifolia, commonly called "Giloy" in Sanskrit, belongs to the family Menispermaceae and is a genetically diverse, deciduous, large climbing shrub with typical greenish-yellow flowers, found at higher altitude. The plant is of great interest to researchers around the world due to its reported medicinal properties such as anti-diabetic, anti-periodic, anti-spasmodic, anti-inflammatory, anti-arthritic, antioxidant, anti-allergic, anti-stress, anti-leprotic, anti-malarial, hepatoprotective, immunomodulatory and antineoplastic activities.^[10]
- **8. Tamarind** Tamarind extract is a considerably better antagonistic agent, with antibacterial action against a wide range of microorganisms. The phytochemical evaluation of tamarind extract found out the presence of tannins, terpenoids and citric acid. This examine indicates the ability for alternative of artificial meals grade preservatives with the usage of herbal extracts of tamarind. [11]
- 9. Fennel- The obtainableresearch project on fennel has shown that it's a vitalhealthful plant utilized ina largevary of ethnomedical treatments, particularly for abdominal pains, antiemetic, aperitif, arthritis, cancer, pain in children, conjunctivitis, constipation, depurative, diarrhea, dieresis, emmenagogue, fever, flatulence, gastralgia, gastritis, insomnia, irritable colon, excretory organ ailments, as a laxative, leucorrhoea, liver pain, mouth ulcer, and stomachache. This plant has been in use for an extendedamount of your timewhile not any documented serious adverse effects. Studies carried go in the past and gift indicate that fennel possesses numerous health edges and are a vital constituent of food. [12]
- **10. Nutmeg** The current study highlights the potential use of Myristica fragrance as a growth promoter, immune stimulant, antioxidant and antibacterial agent. [13] Nutmeg is a fragrant, rich spice that has been treasured for its aromatic, aphrodisiac, and medicinal powers since antiquity. Nutmeg has been used as a treatment for different diseases and to promote overall health since ancient times.
- **11. Jiggery-** Minerals (Calcium, Magnesium, Potassium, Phosphorus, Sodium, Iron, Manganese, Zinc, Copper, and Chloride) and vitamins (Vitamin A, Vitamin B1, Vitamin B2, Vitamin B3, Vitamin B4, Vitamin B5, Vitamin B6, Vitamin B7, Vitamin B8, Vitamin

B9, Vitamin B12, Vitamin C, Vitamin D2, and Vitamin E) are considered beneficial sources of food in the United States. in order to address malnutrition and immune issues. Drinking herbal syrup contains jaggery is very beneficial to increase immunity. [23]

MATERIAL AND METHOD

Preparation of a herbal (jiggery-base) immune-booster syrup. [16]

A) Ingredients

Material or ingredients used in preparation syrup. We collect all the material from market in the city Kolhapur.

Table No.2: Materials.

Sr.no	Drug name
1	Ashwagandha
2	Giloy
3	Amla
4	Shatavri
5	Clove
6	Tulsi
7	Nutmeg
8	Fennels
9	Dried ginger
10	Turmaric
11	Tamarind

B) Preparation of decoction

- 1. Take each herbal ingredients in powder form which is air dried.
- 2. Mix all the ingredients in water which is 8 times to the weight of ingredients.
- 3. Attach reflux condenser and ingredients was boil under supervision by using water bath.
- 4. Boil the solution until become one fourth to the previous part.
- 5. Then liquid was cooled and filtered.



FIG NO.1 -Preparation of decoction.

PRE FORMULATION OF RAW MATERIAL $^{[17]}$

Table NO.3 Pre-formulation or raw material.

Sr.no	Test	Procedure		
		weight 2gm of drug powder in Petrie dish		
1.	Moisture content	• keep Petrie dish in hot air oven at 100°c for 1 hrs.		
		Then allow to cool and weight again sample.		
		Take 5gm of dried powder of drug in comical flask with		
		95% ethanol for 24 hrs.		
	2. Determination of ethanol extractive value ^[19]	Shake the conical flask frequently in 6 hrs and then allow		
2.		tostand for 18 hrs.		
		Filter the solution		
		Take 25ml of extract and evaporate it in petri dish.		
		Dry the petri dish and weigh.		
		• Take 5gm of dried drug powder in 100ml of chloroform water		
		(2.5ml chloroform in 1000ml of water)		
3.	Determination of water soluble	• shake it frequently for 6 hrs.		
3.	extractive value. ^[18]	Allow to stand for 18 hrs.		
		• Evaporate the 25ml of extract in petri dish.		
		Dry the petri dish and weigh.		



Fig NO.2 Pre-formulation ethanol soluble extractive value.

FORMULATION OF HERBAL SYRUP $^{[16][20]}$

Table No.4 Formulation for 200ml.

Sr.no	Drug name	Quantity given (10ml)	
1	Ashwagandha	110mg	
2	Giloy	110mg	
3	Amla	110mg	
4	Shatavri	110mg	
5	Clove	110mg	
6	Tulsi	110mg	
7	Nutmeg	50mg	
8	Fennels	110mg	
9	Dried ginger	110mg	
10	Turmaric	110mg	
11	Tamarind	110mg	

Preparation of a extract

- 1) Take 2.2gm of each ingredient by weighing properly.
- 2) All herbs/ingredients were mixed in 500ml of distilled water.
- 3) Then attached reflux condenser and material was boiled under supervision by using water bath for 3 hrs.
- 4) Boil the solution until it becomes one fourth part of previous volume.
- 5) Then the boiled liquid was cooled and filtered and collected extract.

Preparation of a herbal syrup

- 1) Measure 120 ml extract in beaker and add 80 ml liquid jiggery with continues stirring.
- 2) Heat the mixture on low flame to mix extract completely with jiggery.
- 3) For 200ml of syrup 80ml liquid jiggery is added in 120ml of extract.
- 4) Add the slurry of tamarind in it as a preservative and flavoring agent.
- 5) Then heat the syrup at low flame to kill microbes. Store the syrup in air tight container





Fig NO.3 prepared syrup and weighed ingredients.

EVALUATION OF HERBAL SYRUP^[15]

1. Procedure to determining density

- 1) Use chromic acid or nitric acid to thoroughly clean the specific gravity bottle.
- 2) Rinse the bottle with distilled water at least two to three times.
- 3) If necessary, clean and dry the bottle with an organic solvent such as acetone.
- 4) Using a capillary tube stopper, weigh an empty dry bottle (w1).
- 5) Place the stopper on the container and fill it with unknown liquid; wipe away any surplus liquid. Using tissue paper outside the tube
- 6) Using an analytical balance, weigh the bottle containing the mystery liquid (w2).
- 7) Calculate the weight of an unknown liquid in grams (w3).

Formula for density

Density of liquid under test (syrup) = weight of liquid under test /volume of liquid under test. (W3/v)

2. Procedure to determine specific gravity

- 1) Use chromic or nitric acid to thoroughly clean the specific gravity bottle.
- 2) Rinse the bottle with pure water at least two to three times.
- 3) If necessary, clean and dry the bottle with an organic solvent such as acetone.
- 4) Use a capillary tube stopper to weigh an empty dry bottle
- 5) Place the stopper on the bottle and fill it with distilled water; wipe up any surplus liquid from the side tubemaking use of tissue paper (w2).
- 6) On an analytical balance, weigh the bottle with the stopper and water (w2).
- 7) Replace the water after draining and drying the liquid under test and repeat the operation as described insteps 4–6.
- 8) On an analytical scale, weigh the bottle with the stopper and the liquid under examination

(w3).

Formula for specific gravity

specific gravity of syrup = weight of liquid under test/weight of water (w3/w4)

3. Viscosity Determination Procedure

- 1) Clean the Ostwald viscometer thoroughly with warm chromic acid, followed by an organic solvent such asacetone if necessary.
- 2) Place the viscometer vertically on a suitable stand.
- 3) Fill the dry viscometer with water until the mark G is reached.
- 4) Calculate the amount of time it takes for water to flow from mark A to mark B in seconds.
- 5) To get an accurate reading, repeat step 3 at least three times.
- 6) Fill the viscometer to mark A with test liquid and measure the time it takes for the liquid to flow to mark B.
- 7) As indicated in the density determination experiment, determine the densities of liquids.

Formula for viscosity

Density of water × Times required to flow test liquid

viscosity =

×viscosity of water

Density of water × **Time required to flow water**

4. Syrup pH determination

Two methods are used to determine the pH of syrup.

a) pH paper; b) glass electrode

- ➤ Glass electrode procedure
- 1) Make buffer solution of PH 4 and PH 7 by using buffer tablets.
- 2) Adjust the PH meter by calibration of PH meter.



Fig NO.4 viscosity



Fig NO.5 PH determination

5. Stability testing^{[21][22]}

The prepared herbal syrup was tested for stability by exposing the samples to accelerated temperature conditions. The conclusion The syrup was placed in culture tubes and stored at 4°C accelerated temperature Room temperature and 47 degrees Celsius, respectively. The All of the samples was keep through the turbidity, physicochemical properties, and uniformity at 24 hr, 36 hr, and 48 hr intervals It takes 72 hours to notice any changes.

RESULT

> Pre formulation studies result.

Table NO.5: Result of pre-formulation studies.

SR. NO	INGREDIENTS	MOISTURE CONTENT	ETHANOL SOLUBLE EXTRACTIVE VALUE	WATER SOLUBLE EXTRACTIVE VALUE
1	Ashwagandha(%)	6.38	39.5	23
2	Giloy (%)	7.52	35.1	25
3	Amla (%)	6.38	35.8	28
4	Shatavri (%)	8.10	33.1	22
5	Clove (%)	28	38	21
6	Tulsi (%)	8.10	36.3	22
7	Nutmeg (%)	5.26	31.5	26
8	Fennels (%)	35	36	26
9	Dried ginger (%)	17.2	41	25
10	Turmeric (%)	16.27	39.2	22

> Result of four evaluation parameter

Table NO.6 Result of evaluation parameters.

Sr. No.	Parameters	F1	F2	F 3	F4
1.	Density	1.08 gm	1.05gm	1.05gm	1.04gm
2.	Specific gravity	0.6456	0.6521	0.65478	0.6487
3.	Viscosity	4.85cp	4.90cp	4.80cp	4.85cp
4.	PH meter	3.34	3.12	3.34	3.34
	Organoleptic characters				
	1. Color	Reddishbrown	Reddish brown	Reddish brown	Reddish brown
5.	2. Odor	Aromatic	Aromatic	Aromatic	Aromatic
	3. Taste	Sweet	Sweet	Sweet	Sweet
	4. Appearance	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear

> Stability studies through physiochemical parameters of developed herbal syrup.

Table NO.7 Result of stability study.

Time Duration	Temperature (°c)	Physiochemical parameters				
(hrs)		Color	Odor	Taste	PH	Turbidity
	4°C	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity
24	Room temp	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity
	47°C	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity
	4°C	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity
36	Room temp	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity
	47°C	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity
	4°C	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity
72	Room temp	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity
	47°C	No change	No change	No change	3.34	No turbidity



Fig NO.6 syrup at 4°C

Fig NO.7 syrup at room temp

Fig NO.8 syrup at 47°C

➤ Formulation of syrup quantity taken^{[16][20]}

Table NO.8: Formulation syrup quantity taken.

Sr.no	Drug name	Quantity given(10ml)	Quantity taken
1	Ashwagandha	110mg	2.2gm
2	Giloy	110mg	2.2gm
3	Amla	110mg	2.2gm
4	Shatavri	110mg	2.2gm
5	Clove	110mg	2.2gm
6	Tulsi	110mg	2.2gm
7	Nutmeg	50mg	1gm
8	Fennels	110mg	2.2gm
9	Dried ginger	110mg	2.2gm
10	Turmaric	110mg	2.2gm
11	Tamarind	110mg	2.2gm

DISCUSSION

Herbal goods are now seen as a symbol of safety, in contrast to synthetic medications, which are seen to be harmful to both humans and the environment. Herbs have been valued for millennia for their medicinal, flavouring, and aromatic properties. It's time to get started Promote them all across the world.

Minerals (Calcium, Magnesium, Potassium, Phosphorus, Sodium, Iron, Manganese, Zinc, Copper, and Chloride) and vitamins (Vitamin A, Vitamin B1, Vitamin B2, Vitamin B3, Vitamin B4, Vitamin B5, Vitamin B6, Vitamin B7, Vitamin B8, Vitamin B9, Vitamin B12, Vitamin C, Vitamin D2, and Vitamin E) are considered beneficial sources of food in the United States.in order to address malnutrition and immune issues. Drinking herbal syrup contains jaggery is very beneficial to increase immunity.

The prepared syrup is having good immune booster activity. In terms of vitamin C concentration, amlais the most plentiful natural source on the market. It has the potential to be used as a food additive in biopharmaceutical industries to prevent a range of health problems due to the presence of high antioxidant and other biological qualities to boost immunity. Tinospora cordifolia, commonly called "Giloy" in Sanskrit, belongs to the family Menispermaceae and is a genetically diverse, deciduous, large climbing shrub with typical greenish-yellow flowers, found at higher altitude. The plant is of great interest to researchers around the world due to its reported medicinal properties such as anti-diabetic, anti-periodic, anti-spasmodic, anti-inflammatory, anti-arthritic, antioxidant, anti-allergic, anti-stress, anti-leprotic, anti-malarial, hepatoprotective, immunomodulatory and antineoplastic activities.

CONCLUSION

By using all the herbal products we successfully prepared the herbal jaggery based immune booster syrup and we have done all the evaluation tests also justify on the basis of evaluation tests, it have been concluded that the prepared herbal jaggery based immune booster syrup could be stable for longer time.

The study emphasised that, in contrast to white sugar, which is linked to diseases like diabetes and obesity, sugarcane juice used to make gur and jaggery offers a variety of nutrients and has positive health effects. This is true even though the consumption of products with added sugar is rising sharply. Increased use of jaggery and products related to it may improve health and immunity.

EXPECTED OUTCOME

From study, formulation and evaluation of herbal jaggery base immuno-booster, which produced by using various herbs like tulsi, amla, ashwagandha, shatavari, giloy, turmeric, tamarind, fennel and nutmeg showing good immunity boosting activity and health benefits. It can show a good immunity boosting activity and health benefits also.

The formulated syrup is organic and safe to use. No any kind of side effects because it is prepared from totally herbal and organic herbs and ingredients. The formulated syrup is sweet in test because of jaggery so anyone will consume.

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